

# Voiced 3D Password Authentication

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## Abstract

In today's world, security is important aspect in day to day life .So, everyone used various ways for security purpose. People use passwords for their security .Generally, everyone uses textual password. Textual password is combination of alphabets and numbers. People keep textual password as name of their favorite things, actors or actress, dish and meaningful word from dictionary. But the person who is very close to that person can easily guess the password. Graphical password is advanced version of password. Graphical passwords have received considerable attention lately as Potential alternatives to text-based passwords. Graphical password is composed of images, parts of images, or sketches. These passwords are very easy to use and remember. To overcome the Drawbacks of previously existing authentication technique. We present A new improved authentication technique , This authentication Scheme is called as “voiced 3D password”. The voiced 3D password is multi-password & multi-factor authentication system as it uses a different authentication techniques such As textual password , sound password, graphical password , biometrical password . Most important part of 3d password scheme is inclusion of 3D virtual environment. We proposed that user first can write him/her user name and textual password and then the program provide a studio for choosing the specific sound , then passed to 3D virtual environment . Shoulder-suffering attack is still can affect the schema of 3D password , so we add the Voiced 3D password to reduce that affect .

**Keywords:**3D password , textual password , graphical password , biometric password , voiced password, Quick hull algorithms, convex hull algorithm .

## 1. Introduction :

Normally the authentication scheme the user undergoes is particularly very strict. Throughout the years authentication has been a very interesting approach. With all the means of technology developing, it can be very easy for 'others' to fabricate or to steal identity or to hack someone password , Ideally there are two different types of Authentication schemes are available according to nature of scheme & techniques used, those types are:

### 1.1 Recall based:

In this authentication tech. user need to recall or remember his/her password which is created before .

Knowledge based authentication is a part of this technique, E.g. Textual password, graphical password etc. this technique is commonly used all over the world where security needed.

### 1.2 Recognition based:

In this user need to identify, recognize password created before. Recognition based authentication can be used in graphical password. Generally this technique is not use much more as Recall based is used.

Still both recall based & recognition based authentication techniques having some drawbacks & limitations when they are used separately or used single authentication scheme at a time. And we have seriously attack called Shoulder-suffering attack is still can affect the schema of 3D password .

To overcome these drawbacks & limitations of previously existing authentication schemes. We have introduced a new authentication scheme which is based on previously existing schemes. This authentication scheme is based on combination of passwords called as “voiced 3D Password” as shown in fig 2.

## 2. Authentication:

The process of identifying an individual usually based on a user name and password. In security systems, authentication is distinct from *authorization* , which is the process of giving individuals access to system objects based on their identity. Authentication merely ensures that the individual is who he \ she claims to be, but says nothing about the access rights of the individual.

## 3. Drawbacks In Existing Authentication system :

### 3.1 Textual Password :

Textual Passwords should be easy to remember at the same time hard to guess. But if a textual password is hard to guess then it is very difficult to remember also. Full password space for 8 characters consisting of both numbers and characters is  $2 * 10^{14}$ . From are search 25% of the passwords out of 15,000 users can guessed correctly by using brute force dictionary.

### 3.2 Graphical Password:

By using graphical passwords the users can recall and remember pictures more than words. But most graphical

passwords are susceptible for shoulder surfing attacks, where an attacker can record the user's graphical password by camera.

### 3.3 Biometric recognition:

Each biometric recognition scheme has its advantages and disadvantages. One of the main advantages of biometric is the person is the key, so the user doesn't need to remember anything. Each part is unique like eye, face, fingerprint, etc. Disadvantages of biometric is those parts may be changed if you are ill, like; face injured, eyes puffy, voice problems, finger disfiguration.

## 4. Suggested System :

The projected system is a multi factor authentication scheme which combines the advantages of other authentication systems. Our system provide three stages :

4.1.1 Users can first apply their regular password and user name then just he/she have to remember the special his/her three letters.

4.1.2 The system provide a special sound studio which is provide different types of sounds and tones.

4.1.3 The most important stage, For authentication with 3D password a new virtual environment is introduced called as 3D virtual environment where user navigate, moving in 3D virtual environment to create a password

Fig. 1 shows some snapshots of 3D Virtual Environment of different real time scenarios created in virtual environment like art gallery, office, and study room, etc. These virtual environments are interactive virtual environment. Because user can interact with these environment & creates his/her own 3D password easily.



Fig 1 (A) snapshot of office, (B) snapshot of room

### 4.2 How the sound studio works ?

The system can provide any type of the Sound Effect Maker which is a tool used for applying different sound effects for sound files. The tool supports sound effects like chorus, compression, distortion, echo, flange etc. These features can be adjusted as per user preference.

### 4.3 How the 3D password works ?

After login the textual password the user moved to the sound studio to select the sound or tone, Then user automatically enter into an art gallery, where he/she has to select multiple point in that gallery or he can do some action in that environment like switching button on/off or perform action associated with any object like opening doors, close doors, etc. The sequence in which user has clicked (i.e. interacting objects) that sequence of points are stored in text file in the encrypted form. In this way the password is set for that particular user. For selection of points we have used 3d Quick hull algorithm which is based on convex hull algorithm from design & analysis of algorithms. Next time when user want to access his account then he has to select all the object which he has selected at the time of creating password with proper sequence. This sequence is then compared with coordinates which are stored in file. If authentication successful thereafter access is given to authorized user. voiced 3D password working algorithm is shown in fig.3. Which will give the flowchart for voiced 3D password creation & authentication process.

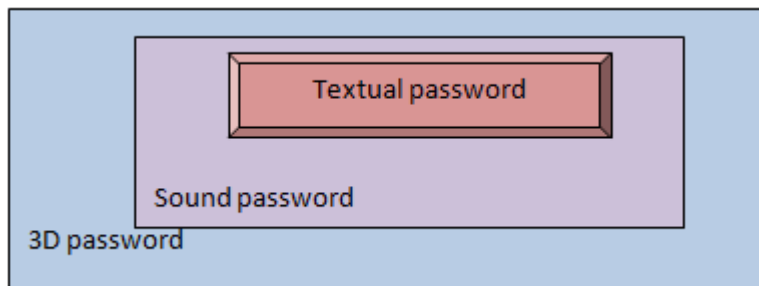


Fig 2 . voiced 3D password as multi factor and multi passwords

4.4 OBJECTIVE OF SUGGESTED SYSTEM :

- To provide more secure authentication technique than existing one.
- To design & develop more user friendly & easier authentication scheme and giving user to freedom of selecting more than one password scheme as single system.
- To overcome the drawbacks & limitations of previously existing systems (textual password, graphical password.etc).
- New scheme should be combination of sound , recall-, recognition -, biometrics-, and token based authentication schemes.

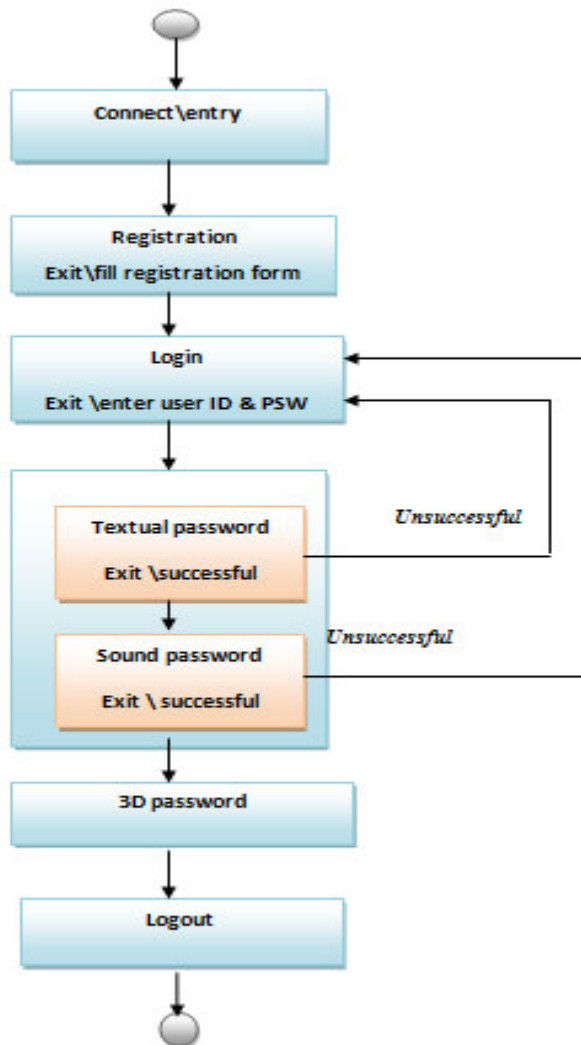
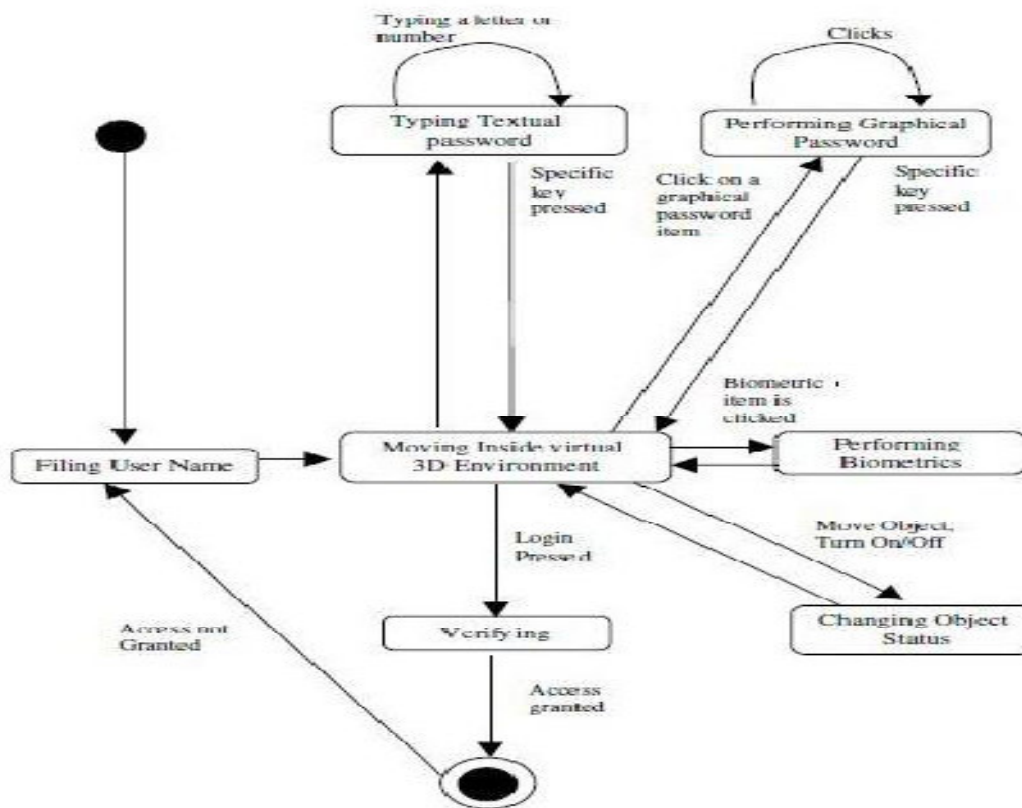


Fig 3 . system overview



State diagram

## 5. Analysis Of Voiced 3d Password Secure Authentication :

### 5.1 Attacks & countermeasures:

As mentioned earlier, voiced 3D password is the most secure authentication. We will see different kinds of attacks & how the voiced 3D password scheme is more secure against different attacks.

#### 5.1.1 Timing Attacks

This attack is based on how much time is required to complete a successful sign-in using the voiced 3D password scheme. Timing attacks can be very effective while an authentication scheme is not well designed. But, as our voiced 3D password scheme is designed more securely, these kinds of attacks are not easily possible on the voiced 3D Password & also not as effective as well.

#### 5.1.2 Brute force Attacks

In this kind of attack, the attacker has to try a number of possibilities of the voiced 3D Password. As these attacks consider the following two points:

- Required time to login: as in the voiced 3D password, the time required for a successful login varies & is dependent on the number of actions & interactions, the size of the 3D virtual environment.
- Cost required to attack: as the voiced 3D password scheme requires a 3D virtual environment & the cost of creating such an environment is very high.

#### 5.1.3 Well-studied attacks

In this attack, the attacker has to study the whole password scheme. After studying the scheme, the attacker tries a combination of different attacks on the scheme. As the voiced 3D password scheme is multi-factor & multi-password authentication, the attacker fails to study the whole scheme. These attacks are also not as effective against the voiced 3D password scheme.

#### 5.1.4 Key logger

In this attack, the attacker installs software called a key logger on the system where the authentication scheme is used. This software stores text entered through the keyboard & those texts are stored in a text file. In this way, this attack is more effective & useful for only textual passwords, but as the voiced 3D password is a multi-password authentication scheme, so that this kind of attack is not as effective in this case.

#### 5.1.5 Shoulder Surfing attacks

The attacker uses a camera for capturing & recording of the 3D password. This attack is more effective than any other attacks on the 3D password. So that the 3D password must be performed in a secure place where this attack can't be

performed. Shoulder surfing attacks is still effective & easily possible against 3D password so we bind the voice password to the 3D password.

## 6.Implementation Fields :

6.1 *Critical server*: Many large organizations have critical Servers that are usually protected by a textual password . A Voiced 3-D password authentication proposes a sound replacement for a textual password.

6.2 *Nuclear and military facilities*: Such facilities should be protected by the most powerful authentication systems. The voiced 3- D password has a very large probable password space, and since it can contain token, biometrics, recognition, and

Knowledge-based authentications in a single authentication system, it is a sound choice for high-level security locations.

6.3 *Airplanes and jetfighters*: Because of the possible threat of misusing airplanes and jetfighters for religion-political agendas, usage of such airplanes should be protected by a powerful authentication system. The voiced 3-D password is recommended for these systems.

6.4 *Banking* : some countries start working with 3D password. Almost all the Indian banks started 3D password service for security of users who wants to buy online or pay online. And who want to add security to their accounting bangs .

In addition, voiced 3-D passwords can be used in less critical systems because the 3-D virtual environment can be designed to fit any system's needs.

A small 3-D virtual environment can be used in many systems, including the following:

- 1) ATMs
- 2) Personal digital Assistants
- 3) Desktop computers and laptop logins
- 4) Web authentication

## 7.Conclusion And Results :

- The voiced 3D password scheme provide :
  - *Flexibility*: voiced 3D Passwords allows Multifactor authentication biometric, textual passwords can be embedded in 3D password technology.
  - *Strength*: This scenario provides almost unlimited passwords possibility. Shoulder-suffering attack is still can affect the schema of 3D password , so we add the Voiced 3D password to reduce that affect .
  - *Easy to Remember*: can be remembered in the form of short story.
  - *Privacy*: Organizers can select authentication schemes that respect users privacy.
- Draw back of voiced 3D password :
  - Time and memory requirement is large.
  - More expensive as cost required is more than other schemes.

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