Impact of Management Information System on the Performance of the Organization (Profitability, Innovation, and Growth)

Prof. Dr. Abdul Ghafoor Awan

Dean faculty of Business Management and social sciences, Institute of Southern Punjab Multan

Fahad-Ul-Haq Khan

MS Scholar, Department of Business Management, Institute of Southern Punjab Multan

Abstract

The present study investigates the impact of management information system on the performance of the organization by analyzing 31 different organizations of Pakistan. Primary data was collected by using a sampling technique 200 respondents were selected randomly from these 31 organizations through a structured questionnaire. The response rate is 100%. The objective of this study is to show how management information system gives positive impact on the performance of the organization and how it can increase the profitability, innovation, and growth of the organization. Regression and correlation test is applied to measure relationship between variables. Results show that there is positive relationship between performance of the organization and management information system.

Keywords: MIS, Organization's performance, Profitability, innovation, growth

1. INTRODUCTION

The role of Management information system (MIS) is vital now-a-days in business environment because it has evolved over time to become an integral part of its business operations. The use of management information system has increased for last few years not only by firms, but also by individuals and even governments. Because of the today's global environment where competition is very high, it is the basic requirement of the organization to install management information system to compete the market and to earn more profitability, invest in innovation in their products, and to grow their businesses. All of these factors transformed the information system from data processing systems to decision support systems and became the foundation of the new business environment. In this study we have investigated the impact of management information system on the performance of the organization. We have shown that how management information system can increase profitability, innovation and growth of the organization. This study is depend on managers and owners of selected organization. We have constructed a questionnaire survey and conducted a survey to relate the response of 31 sampling organizations.

1.1 A management information system (MIS)

This system provides information that organizations need to manage themselves efficiently and effectively. Management information systems are typically computer systems used for managing five primary components: hardware, software, data (information for decision making), procedures (design, development and documentation), and people (individuals, groups, or organizations). Management information systems are distinct from other information systems, in that they are used to analyze and facilitate strategic and operational activities. MIS is commonly used to refer to the study of how individuals, groups, and organizations evaluate, design, implement, manage, and utilize systems to generate information to improve efficiency and effectiveness of decision making, including systems termed decision support systems, expert systems, and executive information systems. Organizations view the effective adoption of Management Information System (MIS) as a way to combat competition by improving productivity, profitability, and the level of information which is one common asset shared by all business regardless of their nature because it is a vital part of any business entity irrespective of their forms of ownership as it enables conceptualization and creation of new products and services.

1.2. Information Technology

Most firms nowadays depends upon Information Technology. But personal computers (PCs) themselves will not improve organizational productivity this only comes about if they are used efficiently and effectively. Computer systems can clearly aid organizations in the processing data into accurate, well presented, up-to-date and cost effective information. While the conciseness, relevancy, timeliness and completeness of supplied information will largely on the capabilities of the people involved in its processing and selection of the relevant information for proper decision making for the organization to improve the product to capture the market share. However, most decisions about IT are critically important to the prosperity and survival of a firm. A successful organization must be able to adapt and learn fast as creative activity increase their survival against all odds, especially in rapidly changing environment of the 21st century.

www.iiste.org

1.3 Main Research Question

Our main research question is "How much impact on the performance of the organization and how it can increase the profitability, innovation and growth of the organization by using Management information system".

1.4 Objective of study

Objective of this study is to show how management information system give positive impact on the performance of the organization and how it can increase the profitability, innovation, and growth of the organization.

2. LITERATURE REVIEW:

MIS stands for management information system, which we define as the development and use of information system that help businesses achieve their goals and objective. This definition has three key elements: development and use, information system, and business goals and objectives (kroenke, 2011). A system is a group of component that interact to achieve some purpose, an information system (IS) is a group of component that interact to produce information. A model of the components of an information system: computer hardware, software, data, procedures and people (kroenke, 2011). Turban mentions some characteristics of information quality (Turban and Volonino, 2010):

- Accurate: To provide correct and complete data.
- Timely: To produce in time for its intended use with a single click.
- Relevant: To generate both to context and to subject.
- Sufficient: For the purpose for which it is generated.

Worth its cost: an appropriate relationship must exist between the cost of the information and its value. Oladejo (2007) described MIS as a system using formalized procedures based on data from both internal and external sources, to enable decision makers make timely and effective decisions, for planning, directing and carrying out the activities for which they have appointed. This connotes that MIS is a system responsible for the collection, processing and communication of defined data in order to enhance prompt decision making. All this requires a strong understanding of both technology and business practices (McLeod, 1995). Scholars all over the world have resorted to internet as personal library where all necessary information can be obtained and displayed while computers have significantly altered business management (Bee, 1999). Chan et al. (1997), Awan and Majeed (2015) provided empirical support for a positive relationship between business performance and the alignment of business strategy and MIS strategy. The above studies were conducted in the context of large organizations. This study hypothesized a similar relationship between MIS alignment and performance for small firms. Luftman, et al (1993), Awan & Zahra (2014) emphasized that for companies to succeed in an increasingly competitive, information-intense, dynamic environment, then the alignment of business strategy and MIS strategy was a necessity. Management Information System plays an important role in the performance of the organization because it gives an environment where all the jobs to be done according to the plan and reporting is based on one click environment. In order to get maximum productivity from the employees, it is necessary to provide such system/method should be use in the organization that is helpful in generating optimum productivity level from information system. Also in the absence of proper management information system, optimum utilization of resources of the organization would not be made and productivity of the organization cannot be increased. Wan & Asia Khan (2015) mentioned that technological innovations in financial sector has brought a revolution and completely changed financial scenario. Innovative financial products attract customers because they have reduced transaction cost. Similarly, management information system is the vital need to improve productivity (Awan & Khan,2014).

3. Conceptual Framework: Firgure1: Type of Information



- Reading through data collected from a customer survey with questions in various categories would be time-consuming and not very helpful.
- When manipulated, the surveys may provide useful information.

3.1 Information classification

- \circ Action v/s no-action
- Recurring v/s non recurring
- Internal v/s external
- o Planning Information: standards, norms, specifications
- Control information reporting the status of an activity thru feedback mechanism
- Knowledge information library reports, research studies

3.2 Characteristics of Useful Information:

- 1. Relevant
- 2. Complete
- 3. Accurate
- 4. Current
- 5. Right Time at Right Place
- 6. Economical



Figure 2 Three Tier Architecture Model

www.iiste.org

4. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY:

The research methodology is used to test the hypothesis, theories or concepts. In this study primary technique of data is used to collect the required data. Primary data is collected through interviews of target group, based on structured questionnaire. The empirical data is used to measure the objectives for finding and analyzing the proper results.

4.1 Data Types

Basically two types of data are used in research. One is primary data and second is secondary data. Here our concern is with primary data. So we use only primary data for this research. Primary data was collected through a survey research questionnaire. The questionnaire was carefully constructed and properly setup. The questionnaire was based on five point Likert scale with responses included as, strongly agree, agree, neutral, disagree and strongly disagree. Descriptive statistics was used to analyze the data.

4.2 Sample

Data was collected from small and medium enterprises (SMEs) working in South Punjab through special designed questionnaire which will contain multi choice, also open ended question which will ask verbally to get concept insight and answer's depth. Respondents will be SME's workers, their production managers and owners. Target audience includes almost 200 respondents. The sample SME industries which we will choose are related to Different Sectors of the Business.

4.3 Selected Variables

Dependent Variable: Performance of the Organization (Profitability, Innovation, Growth) Independent Variable: Implementation of MIS

4.4 Hypothesis

- Ho: MIS have no impact on the performance of the organization
- H1: MIS have strong positive impact of the performance of the organization



5. DATA ANALYSIS:

All the description about the responses from the respondents as their gender, education, age, and experience is described in the Tables given below:-

Table 1: Gender

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Female	19	9.7	9.7	9.7
Male	181	90.3	90.3	100.0
Total	200	100.0	100.0	

In Table 1, Results show that the out of 200 respondents 181 were males and 19 were females.

Table 2: Education

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Intermediate	26	12.9	12.9	12.9
Bachelors	90	45.2	45.2	58.1
Masters	77	38.7	38.7	96.8
M.Phill	7	3.2	3.2	100.0
Total	200	100.0	100.0	

In table 2, Results show that the out of 200 respondents 26 were intermediate, 90 were holding bachelors degree, 77 were having Master degree, and 7 were M.Phil.



able 3: Age								
	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent				
20 to 30	39	19.4	19.4	19.4				
31 to 40	71	35.5	35.5	54.8				
41 to 50	65	32.3	32.3	87.1				
51 to 55	19	9.7	9.7	96.8				
55+	6	3.2	3.2	100.0				
Total	200	100.0	100.0					

Table 4: Experience

		Frequency	Percent	Valid I	Percent	Cun	nulative Pe	rcent
2 to 5 Years		84 41.9		41.9		41.9		
	6 to 10 Years	65	32.3	32.3		74.2		
	11 to 15 Years	45	22.6	22.6			96.8	
	16 and above Years	6	3.2		.0		100.0	
		-					100.0	
	Total	200	100.0	10	J.0			
S.No.	Question			Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
1	Do you have Management Informatio your organization?			200	0	0	0	0
2	Does Management Information communication?	System speedup	the internal	52	71	19	39	19
3	Does the Performance of the sta Management Information System?	*	-	77	77	26	6	13
4	Is Management Information System is of audit activities?	helpful for the scor	be and adequacy	39	77	19	32	32
5	Does the Management Information Systhe turnover as compared to previous	ears?		65	58	19	32	26
6	Does the Management Information Resources?	System reduce the	cost of Human	52	65	19	39	26
7	Does the Management Information Production of products?			65	52	19	39	26
8	Does the Management Information Sy the organization?	stem reduce the Op	erational cost of	32	58	39	52	19
9	Does the Management Information S Timely & Efficiently to get the project		faking Decision	65	103	6	26	0
10	Does the Management Information System Helpful in control of wastage & stolen of items?			71	77	26	6	19
11	Is there any direct relationship between Management Information System with Profitability of the Organization?			65	71	19	19	26
12	Does your Management Information System is suitable enough to keep pace with dynamic business environment?			71	52	32	32	13
13	Is the product quality being improved System?	by using Managem	ent Information	65	90	6	26	13
14	Management Information System help	s to become an inno	wator?	32	71	52	26	19
15	Does Management Information Syster become Market Leader?			77	71	32	19	0
16	Does Management Information Syste erroneous problems?	em helps to get rid	of mistakes or	71	52	6	26	45
17	Has the control system been more effe	ective than before us	ing Information	32	45	13	32	77
18	Whether the staff members have imprusage of Management Information Systems		l skills after the	65	90	6	32	6
19	Is there any direct relationship betwee with innovation?	en Management Info	rmation System	77	84	19	19	0
20	Does Management Information System of organization?	n helps to make con	ntinuous growth	71	58	19	19	32
21	Is it true that after arrival of Information System it provides easy access to information for the customers?			58	84	13	13	32
22	Organization ensures that there is quick information flow across all departments through MIS?			65	65	19	32	19
23	Does good management information achieve competitive environment?	system helps in	playing role to	26	32	58	32	52
24	Does Management Information Syst branches and connecting to existing in		opening of new	65	84	6	26	19
25	Employees after using of MIS have b each other to diagnose and solve probl	ecome skilled at co	llaborating with	52	77	19	13	39
26	Is there any direct relationship betwee with growth of the Organization?	n Management Info	rmation System	71	71	6	19	32

6. Regression Analysis

The results of regression analysis are given in Table 5

Table 5 Model Summary								
Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate				
dimension0 1	.549ª	.301	.193	.731				



			Table o Coefficie	.1115		
Mc	odel	Unstandardize	d Coefficients	Standardized Coefficients		
		В	Std. Error	Beta	t	Sig.
1	(Constant)	.009	.224		.042	.040
	Growth	013	.111	025	117	.038
	Innovation	.221	.116	.411	1.916	.047
	Profitability	.316	.117	.613	2.699	.012

Table 6 Coefficients

		Table 7	Correlations			
		MIS	Profitability	Innovation	Growth	Performance
MIS	Pearson Correlation	1	.232	.174	271	031
	Sig. (2-tailed)		.210	.350	.141	.870
	Ν	200	200	200	200	200
Profitability	Pearson Correlation	.232	1	.540**	.495**	212
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.210		.002	.005	.251
	Ν	200	200	200	200	200
Innovation	Pearson Correlation	.174	.540**	1	.469**	225
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.350	.002		.008	.223
	Ν	200	200	200	200	200
Growth	Pearson Correlation	271	.495**	.469**	1	.052
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.141	.005	.008		.780
	Ν	200	200	200	200	200
performance	Pearson Correlation	031	212	225	.052	1
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.870	.251	.223	.780	
	Ν	200	200	200	200	200

7. FINDINGS AND RESULTS:

All the 200 respondents show their response to answer the required questions from all the organizations. The Analysis shows that independent variable as Management information system and performance as dependant variable shows positive results. When an organization is creating enough profit then it tries to make its product more useful and powerful as compared to market availabilities. Then it decide to by innovative to become market leader of that specified product. They invest more in the research & development to make it more powerful and useful. When a company uses research & development process then it is able to become an innovator. When an organization is become the innovator then its growth process starts from there. As and when the growth process starts it gives its customers value added services like online information system web based and customers feedback is more important to the organization and its tries its level best to satisfy its customers with the services like after sales services and makes improvement in the product based on customer feedback.

8. CONCLUSIONS

From the analysis we have reached the conclusion that management information system is very helpful to enhance performance of the organization in the sense of profitability, innovation, and growth. The MIS satisfies the diverse needs through variety of systems such as query system, analysis system, modeling system and decision support system. The MIS helps in strategic planning, management control, operational control and transaction processing. The MIS helps in the clerical personal in the transaction processing and answers the queries on the data pertaining to the transaction, the status of a particular record and reference on a variety of documents. The MIS helps the top level management in goal setting, strategic planning and evolving the business plans and their implementation. The MIS plays the role of information generation, communication, problem identification and helps in the process of decision-making.

8. Recommendations

On the basis of above discussion, we make the following recommendations:-

- 1. Organizations must implement management information system to compete today's dynamic and competitive environment.
- 2. Organizations must implement management information system to each and every department of the organization on automation because anyone in the organization could use information to make timely decision based on that information at different levels
- 3. Organization must use MIS to eliminate the communication gap between top level management, middle level management and lower level management.
- 4. MIS defines clear policies and procedures of the organization so there is no communication gap

REFERENCES

- Aagarwarl (2005). The information system identify crisis: Focusing on high-visibility and high impact research, MIS Quarterly, vol. 29, no 3.
- Abbott (2000) Training Teachers in Computer-based Management Information Systems. Journal of Computer Assisted Learning, 16 (1), 27–40. Obi, Emenike (2003). Educational Management: Theory and Practice.

- Aral (2010), Assessing Three-Way Complementarities: Performance Pay, Monitoring and Information Technology, Sloan School of Management.
- Awan, A.G. & Syeda Zurait-ul Zahra (2014) "Impact of Innovation on Consumers' behavior: A case study of Pak Electron Ltd", European Journal of Business and Innovation Research, 2(6):93-108.
- Awan, A.G. & Asia Khan (2015) "Determination of the Role of Branch Managers in Promotion of innovations in Commercial Banks of Pakistan", International Journal of African and Asian Studies, Vol 14: 21-28.
- Awan, A.G. & Ayesha Javed (2015) "Impact of Innovation on Employees performance" International Journal of Management and Information Technology, Vol 10 (11).
- Awan,A.G,Shaukat Malik, Shehla Majeed (2015) "Impact of Management Support and Training of IT employees on productivity of an organization: Evidences from Textile sector in Pakistan" Science International, 27 (6).
- Awan, A.G. & Rana Ejaz A.Khan (2014) "The Engima of US Productivity Slowdown: A Theoretical Analysis", American Journal of Trade and Policy, Vol 1 (1):7-15.
- Beef (1999). Management information system and statistic. Trowbridge: Crown Well Press.
- Belleflamme (2001). Oligopolistic competition, IT use for product differentiation, and the productivity paradox. International Journal of Industrial Organization, 19(10), pp. 227-248.
- Barney (1991). Firm Resources and Sustained competitive advantages, Journal of Management vol. no. 17, 1, pp. 99-120.
- Birkinshaw (2006). How management innovation happens. MIT Sloan Management Review 47:81-8.
- Bober (2001). School information systems and their effect on school operations and culture. Journal of Research on Technology in Education, 33 (5), 1–11.
- Bo-Hanson (2003), Company-based Determinants of Training and the Impact of Training on Company Performance: Results from an International HRM Survey, Organization for Economic Co-Operation and Development (OECD) Directorate for Education (EDU).
- Brynjolfsson (1995). Productivity, business profitability, and consumer surplus: Three different measures of information technology value. *MIS Quart*. 20(2) 121–142.
- Brynjolfsson (1996). The contribution of information technology to consumer welfare. *Inform. Systems Res.* 7(3) 281–300.
- Buvitsk (1995). The potential impact of information technology on the high school principal: a preliminary exploration, Journal of Research on Computing in Education, 27 (3), 281–297.
- Campbell (2002), Using the Balanced Scorecard as a Control System for Monitoring and Revising Corporate Strategy, Harvard Business School.
- Carnoy (2004). ICT in education: Possibilities and challenges. Inaugural lecture of the Universitat Oberta de Catalunya (UOC) 2004–2005 Academic Year, Barcelona.
- Castells (1996). The Rise of the Network Society. London: Blackwell.
- Castells (2001). The Internet Galaxy: Reflections on the Internet, Business, and Society. Oxford; New York: Oxford University Press.
- Cavaye (1997). Personal computing acceptance factors in small firms: A structural equation model. *MIS Quart*. 21(3) 279–305.